

<i>Meeting record and date</i>	<i>Sub-item</i>	<i>Other documents</i>	<i>Rule 37 invitations</i>	<i>Rule 39 and other invitations</i>	<i>Speakers</i>	<i>Decision and vote (for-against- abstaining)</i>
<a href="#">S/PV.7551</a> 9 November 2015	Report of the Secretary-General on Somalia ( <a href="#">S/2015/702</a> )  Letter dated 7 October 2015 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council ( <a href="#">S/2015/762</a> )	Draft resolution submitted by 11 Member States <sup>h</sup> ( <a href="#">S/2015/840</a> )	Somalia	Chef de Cabinet of the Secretary- General, Special Representative of the Secretary- General, Permanent Observer of the African Union to the United Nations	All Council members, <sup>i</sup> all invitees <sup>j</sup>	Resolution <a href="#">2245 (2015)</a> 15-0-0
<a href="#">S/PV.7554</a> 10 November 2015	Report of the Secretary-General on the situation with respect to piracy and armed robbery at sea off the coast of Somalia ( <a href="#">S/2015/776</a> )	Draft resolution submitted by France, Lithuania, Malaysia, New Zealand, Spain, United Kingdom, United States ( <a href="#">S/2015/850</a> )	Somalia			Resolution <a href="#">2246 (2015)</a> 15-0-0 (adopted under Chapter VII)

<sup>a</sup> Somalia was represented by its Minister for Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation.

<sup>b</sup> The two Special Representatives participated in the meeting via videoconference from Mogadishu.

<sup>c</sup> Australia, Chad, France, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Nigeria, Republic of Korea, Rwanda, United Kingdom and United States.

<sup>d</sup> Argentina, China, Jordan, Russian Federation, United Kingdom and United States.

<sup>e</sup> Australia, Croatia, Cyprus, Denmark, France, Italy, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Republic of Korea, Rwanda, Spain, United Kingdom and United States.

<sup>f</sup> Angola, Chad, France, Jordan, Lithuania, Malaysia, New Zealand, Nigeria, Spain, United Kingdom, United States and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of).

<sup>g</sup> China, New Zealand, Russian Federation, United Kingdom, United States and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of).

<sup>h</sup> Angola, Chad, France, Jordan, Lithuania, Malaysia, New Zealand, Nigeria, Spain, United Kingdom and United States.

<sup>i</sup> Malaysia was represented by its Minister for Foreign Affairs; Spain by its Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs; the United Kingdom by its Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs; and the United States by its Permanent Representative and member of the President's Cabinet.

<sup>j</sup> Somalia was represented by its Prime Minister.

## 4. The situation in Burundi

During the period under review, the Security Council held 12 meetings in connection with the situation in Burundi, adopted two resolutions and issued three presidential statements.

In 2014, the Council focused on the challenges facing the consolidation of peace in Burundi and the transition from the United Nations Office in Burundi (BNUB) to a United Nations country team presence. The focus of the Council in 2015 shifted to the deteriorating situation following the successful bid for a third term in office by the President of Burundi. In March 2015, a Security Council mission visited Burundi.

During the period under review, the Council extended the mandate of BNUB for the last time until

31 December 2014,<sup>13</sup> and established the United Nations Electoral Observer Mission in Burundi (MENUM) to follow and report to the Secretary-General and the Council on the electoral process in Burundi in 2015.<sup>14</sup> In its decisions, the Council expressed concern about human rights violations, appealed for an inter-Burundian political dialogue, and welcomed regional mediation efforts.

At the end of 2015, in view of the deterioration of the political situation, the Council requested the

<sup>13</sup> Resolution [2137 \(2014\)](#).

<sup>14</sup> For more information on the mandate of BNUB and the mandate of MENUM, see part X, sect. II, "Political and peacebuilding missions".

Secretary-General to present options on the future United Nations presence in Burundi. The Secretary-General suggested a multidimensional integrated peacekeeping operation under Chapter VII of the Charter or a fully-fledged integrated special political mission.<sup>15</sup>

<sup>15</sup> S/2015/926.

### Meetings: the situation in Burundi

<i>Meeting record and date</i>	<i>Sub-item</i>	<i>Other documents</i>	<i>Rule 37 invitations</i>	<i>Rule 39 and other invitations</i>	<i>Speakers</i>	<i>Decision and vote (for-against-abstaining)</i>
<a href="#">S/PV.7104</a> 28 January 2014	Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Office in Burundi (BNUB) ( <a href="#">S/2014/36</a> )		Burundi	Special Representative of the Secretary-General and Head of BNUB, Chair of the Burundi configuration of the Peacebuilding Commission	All invitees <sup>a</sup>	
<a href="#">S/PV.7110</a> 13 February 2014	Report of the Secretary-General on BNUB ( <a href="#">S/2014/36</a> )	Draft resolution submitted by France, Nigeria ( <a href="#">S/2014/96</a> )	Burundi		One Council member (United States), Burundi	Resolution <a href="#">2137 (2014)</a> 15-0-0
<a href="#">S/PV.7174</a> 14 May 2014			Burundi	Special Representative of the Secretary-General, <sup>b</sup> Chair of the Burundi configuration of the Peacebuilding Commission	All invitees <sup>c</sup>	
<a href="#">S/PV.7236</a> 6 August 2014	Report of the Secretary-General on BNUB ( <a href="#">S/2014/550</a> )		Burundi	Special Representative of the Secretary-General	Burundi, Special Representative	
<a href="#">S/PV.7295</a> 5 November 2014			Burundi	Special Representative of the Secretary-General, <sup>b</sup> Chair of the Burundi configuration of the Peacebuilding Commission	All invitees <sup>d</sup>	
<a href="#">S/PV.7364</a> 21 January 2015	Report of the Secretary-General on BNUB ( <a href="#">S/2015/36</a> )		Burundi	Under-Secretary-General for Political Affairs, Chair of the Burundi configuration of the Peacebuilding Commission	All invitees	

**Part I. Consideration of questions under the responsibility of  
the Security Council for the maintenance of  
international peace and security**

<i>Meeting record and date</i>	<i>Sub-item</i>	<i>Other documents</i>	<i>Rule 37 invitations</i>	<i>Rule 39 and other invitations</i>	<i>Speakers</i>	<i>Decision and vote (for-against- abstaining)</i>
<a href="#">S/PV.7388</a> 18 February 2015						<a href="#">S/PRST/2015/6</a>
<a href="#">S/PV.7473</a> 26 June 2015			Burundi		Burundi	<a href="#">S/PRST/2015/13</a>
<a href="#">S/PV.7482</a> 9 July 2015	Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Electoral Observation Mission in Burundi ( <a href="#">S/2015/510</a> )		Burundi	Assistant Secretary-General for Political Affairs, United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights <sup>e</sup>	All invitees	
<a href="#">S/PV.7546</a> 28 October 2015						<a href="#">S/PRST/2015/18</a>
<a href="#">S/PV.7553</a> 9 November 2015			Burundi, Uganda	Under-Secretary- General for Political Affairs, United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights, Special Adviser to the Secretary- General on the Prevention of Genocide, Chair of the Burundi configuration of the Peacebuilding Commission, <sup>f</sup> Permanent Observer of the African Union to the United Nations	All invitees <sup>g</sup>	
<a href="#">S/PV.7557</a> 12 November 2015		Draft resolution submitted by France ( <a href="#">S/2015/865</a> )				Resolution <a href="#">2248</a> ( <a href="#">2015</a> ) 15-0-0

<sup>a</sup> Burundi was represented by its Minister for Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation.

<sup>b</sup> The Special Representative participated in the meeting via videoconference from Bujumbura.

<sup>c</sup> Burundi was represented by its Minister of the Interior via videoconference from Bujumbura.

<sup>d</sup> Burundi was represented by the Director General of International Organizations and Non-Governmental Organizations at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation via videoconference from Bujumbura.

<sup>e</sup> The High Commissioner participated in the meeting via videoconference from Geneva.

<sup>f</sup> The High Commissioner, the Special Adviser to the Secretary-General and the Chair of the Burundi configuration participated in the meeting via videoconference from, respectively, Geneva, Jordan and Bujumbura.

<sup>g</sup> Burundi was represented by its Minister for Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation via videoconference from Bujumbura.

## 5. The situation in Sierra Leone

During the period under review, the Security Council held one meeting and issued one presidential statement in connection with the situation in Sierra Leone. It received a briefing by the Executive Representative of the Secretary-General and Head of the United Nations Integrated Peacebuilding Office in Sierra Leone (UNIPSIL) on the final report of the Secretary-General on UNIPSIL. The Council was also briefed by the Chairperson of the Sierra Leone configuration of the Peacebuilding Commission.

At its 7148th meeting, on 26 March 2014, the Council highlighted the success achieved in Sierra

Leone in the areas of peacebuilding and post-conflict stabilization, and stressed the importance of continued international support. Several Council members recognized the crucial role of the Special Court for Sierra Leone in providing criminal justice and fostering reconciliation in the country.<sup>16</sup> The Council adopted a presidential statement on the completion of the mandate of UNIPSIL and commended the remarkable achievements made by Sierra Leone.<sup>17</sup>

<sup>16</sup> [S/PV.7148](#), p. 6 (Jordan); p. 8 (United States); and p. 15 (Rwanda).

<sup>17</sup> [S/PRST/2014/6](#).

### Meetings: the situation in Sierra Leone

<i>Meeting record and date</i>	<i>Sub-item</i>	<i>Other documents</i>	<i>Rule 37 invitations</i>	<i>Rule 39 and other invitations</i>	<i>Speakers</i>	<i>Decision and vote (for-against-abstaining)</i>
<a href="#">S/PV.7148</a> 26 March 2014	Final report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Integrated Peacebuilding Office in Sierra Leone (UNIPSIL) ( <a href="#">S/2014/192</a> )		Sierra Leone	Executive Representative of the Secretary-General and Head of UNIPSIL, Chair of the Sierra Leone configuration of the Peacebuilding Commission	All Council members, all invitees	<a href="#">S/PRST/2014/6</a>

## 6. The situation concerning the Democratic Republic of the Congo

During the period under review, the Security Council held 17 meetings, including two closed meetings with troop- and police-contributing countries, adopted four resolutions and issued three presidential statements in relation to the situation concerning the Democratic Republic of the Congo.

The deliberations of the Council focused on, inter alia, the importance of holding timely elections in 2016, the neutralization of all armed groups, in particular the military defeat of the March 23 Movement (M23) and its disarmament, demobilization and reintegration, the promotion of human rights and the fight against impunity, as well as the problem of the illegal exploitation and smuggling of natural resources. Towards the end of 2015, the Council also considered the exit strategy of the United Nations

Organization Stabilization Mission in the Democratic Republic of the Congo (MONUSCO).<sup>18</sup>

During the period under review, by resolutions [2147 \(2014\)](#) and [2211 \(2015\)](#), the Council twice extended the mandate of MONUSCO for periods of one year each, the last of which was until 31 March 2016.<sup>19</sup> Without altering the authorized troop ceiling, the Council, by resolution [2211 \(2015\)](#), reduced the number of troops by 2,000 and expressed its intention to make the reduction permanent. In 2014 and 2015, the Council met twice in closed meetings with the countries contributing troops and police to MONUSCO pursuant to resolution [1353 \(2001\)](#).

<sup>18</sup> See the annual reports of the Security Council to the General Assembly ([A/69/2](#), introduction, paras. 57–63; and [A/70/2](#), introduction, paras. 29–36); and [S/PV.7237](#).

<sup>19</sup> For more information on the mandate of MONUSCO, see part X, sect. I, “Peacekeeping operations”.