

<i>Meeting record and date</i>	<i>Sub-item</i>	<i>Documents</i>	<i>Invitations</i>	<i>Speakers</i>
S/PV.7696 25 May 2016	Briefing by the Security Council mission to the Horn of Africa (17 to 22 May 2016)	Letter dated 17 May 2016 from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General (S/2016/456)		Two Council members (Egypt, United Kingdom)
S/PV.7819 23 November 2016	Briefing by Security Council mission to the Democratic Republic of the Congo and Angola (10 to 14 November 2016)	Letter dated 9 November 2016 from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General (S/2016/948)		Two Council members (Angola, France)
S/PV.7894 9 March 2017	Briefing by the Security Council mission to the Lake Chad basin region (1 to 7 March 2017)	Letter dated 1 March 2017 from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General (S/2017/181) Report of the Security Council mission to the Lake Chad Basin region (Cameroon, Chad, Niger and Nigeria), 1–7 March 2017 (S/2017/403)		Deputy Secretary-General, Eight Council members ^a
S/PV.7941 16 May 2017	Briefing by Security Council mission to Colombia (3 to 5 May 2017)	Letter dated 5 April 2017 from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General (S/2017/289)	Colombia	Three Council members (Bolivia (Plurinational State of), United Kingdom, Uruguay), Colombia
S/PV.7994 30 June 2017	Briefing by Security Council mission to Haiti (22 to 24 June 2017)	Letter dated 15 June 2017 from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General (S/2017/511)		One Council member (Bolivia (Plurinational State of))
S/PV.8043 12 September 2017	Briefing by Security Council mission to Ethiopia (6 to 8 September 2017)	Letter dated 1 September 2017 from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General (S/2017/757) Report of the Security Council mission to Ethiopia (6 to 8 September 2017) (S/2017/1002)		One Council member (Ethiopia)
S/PV.8077 26 October 2017	Briefing by Security Council mission to the Sahel region (19 to 22 October 2017)	Letter dated 16 October 2017 from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General (S/2017/871)		Three Council members (Ethiopia, France, Italy)

^a France, Italy, Japan, Senegal, Sweden, United Kingdom (President of the Security Council), United States and Uruguay.

37. Items relating to non-proliferation

A. Non-proliferation of weapons of mass destruction

During the period under review, the Security Council held five meetings, including three high-level meetings,³⁸⁸ and adopted one resolution under

Chapter VII of the Charter in connection with the item entitled “Non-proliferation of weapons of mass destruction”. The Council held a briefing at only one of the meetings, at which the Chair of the Committee established pursuant to resolution [1540 \(2004\)](#) focused specifically on ways to improve the effective implementation of the resolution by Member States. Three meetings were held as open debates and one was

³⁸⁸ See [S/PV/7758](#), [S/PV.7837](#) and [S/PV.8053](#).

convened for the adoption of a decision.³⁸⁹ More information on the meetings, including on participants, speakers and outcomes, is given in the table below.

Having taken note of the 2009 comprehensive review of the status of implementation of resolution 1540 (2004), the Council decided, by resolution 1977 (2011), that the Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004) would conduct the next comprehensive review both after five years and prior to the renewal of its mandate, including, if necessary, recommendations on adjustments to the mandate. The Council also decided that the Committee would submit to it a report on the conclusions of the reviews, and that the first review would be held before December 2016.³⁹⁰

On 12 and 13 May 2016, the Committee held a special meeting in Madrid to discuss issues relating to the effective implementation of resolution 1540 (2004) by Member States in the context of the comprehensive review. From 20 to 22 June, at Headquarters in New York, the Committee held formal open consultations on the comprehensive review of the implementation of the resolution. On 9 December 2016, the report of the Committee was submitted to the Council, covering the five-year period from 25 April 2011 to 24 April 2016.³⁹¹

At a meeting held on 15 December 2016, the Council unanimously adopted resolution 2325 (2016), under Chapter VII of the Charter, in which it endorsed the 2016 comprehensive review of the status of the implementation of resolution 1540 (2004), and noted the findings and recommendations in the Committee's final report.³⁹² The resolution was adopted during an open debate, under the sub-item entitled "Preventing catastrophe: a global agenda for stopping the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction by non-State actors".³⁹³ The Minister for Foreign Affairs and Cooperation of Spain presided over the meeting, which was attended by many Member States as well as representatives of civil society and private sector entities.

In resolution 2325 (2016), the Council recalled its decisions in resolutions 2118 (2013) and 2298 (2016) that Member States should immediately inform the Council of any violation of resolution 1540 (2004). The Council also recalled the invitation in resolution

2319 (2016) for the Joint Investigative Mechanism of the United Nations and the Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons to brief, as appropriate, the Committee on relevant results of its work.³⁹⁴ In resolution 2325 (2016), the Council again called upon all States that had not yet submitted a first report on steps they had taken or intended to take to implement resolution 1540 (2004) to submit such a report to the Committee without delay. The Council also called upon States to take into account developments in the evolving nature of the risk of proliferation and rapid advances in science and technology in the implementation of resolution 1540 (2004), and requested the Committee to take note in its work of the continually evolving nature of the risk of proliferation, including the use by non-State actors of rapid advances in science, technology and international commerce for proliferation purposes, in the context of the implementation of resolution 1540 (2004). The Council decided that the Committee should continue to intensify its efforts to promote the full implementation by all States of resolution 1540 (2004), through its programme of work, which included the compilation and general examination of information on the status of implementation by States of resolution 1540 (2004), and addressed all aspects of paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of that resolution, particularly noting the need for more attention on enforcement measures; measures relating to biological, chemical and nuclear weapons; proliferation finance measures; accounting for and securing related materials; and national export and transshipment controls.³⁹⁵

In addition, in resolution 2325 (2016) the Council urged the Committee to continue to explore and develop an approach, with regard to implementation and reporting, that takes into account the specificity of States, inter alia, with respect to their ability to manufacture and export related materials, with a view to prioritizing efforts and resources where they were most needed without affecting the need for comprehensive implementation of resolution 1540 (2004). The Council encouraged States to control access to intangible transfers of technology and to information that could be used for weapons of mass destruction and their means of delivery.³⁹⁶

³⁸⁹ For more information on the format of meetings, see part II, sect. I.

³⁹⁰ Resolution 1977 (2011), para. 3.

³⁹¹ S/2016/1038.

³⁹² Resolution 2325 (2016), seventh preambular paragraph.

³⁹³ See S/PV.7837.

³⁹⁴ For more information on the Joint Investigative Mechanism, see part I, sect. 24, "The situation in the Middle East", and part IX, sect. III, "Investigative bodies".

³⁹⁵ Resolution 2325 (2016), sixth preambular paragraph, and paras. 3, 7, 8 and 12.

³⁹⁶ Ibid., paras. 11 and 13.

Meetings: non-proliferation of weapons of mass destruction

<i>Meeting record and date</i>	<i>Sub-item</i>	<i>Other documents</i>	<i>Rule 37 invitations</i>	<i>Rule 39 and other invitations</i>	<i>Speakers</i>	<i>Decision and vote (for-against- abstaining)</i>
S/PV.7758 23 August 2016	Challenges in addressing proliferation of weapons of mass destruction, their means of delivery, and related materials Letter dated 15 August 2016 from the Permanent Representative of Malaysia to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (S/2016/712)		39 Member States ^a	Six invitees under rule 39, ^b Permanent Observer of the Holy See to the United Nations	Secretary-General, all Council members, ^c all invitees ^d	
S/PV.7837 15 December 2016	Preventing catastrophe: a global agenda for stopping the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction by non-State actors Letter dated 1 December 2016 from the Permanent Representative of Spain to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (S/2016/1013)	Draft resolution submitted by 77 Member States ^e (S/2016/1052)	75 Member States ^f	14 invitees under rule 39, ^g Permanent Observer of the Holy See	Deputy Secretary-General, all Council Members, ^h 48 invitees under rule 37, ⁱ all other invitees ^j	Resolution 2325 (2016) 15-0-0
S/PV.7900 16 March 2017	Briefing by the Chair of the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004)				All Council members ^k	
S/PV.7985 and S/PV.7985 (Resumption 1) 28 June 2017			43 Member States ^l	Under-Secretary-General and High Representative for Disarmament Affairs, Senior Officer from the Office of Strategy and Policy of the Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons, Head of the Delegation of the European Union, Special Representative of INTERPOL, Permanent Observer of the Holy See	All Council members, ^m all invitees ⁿ	

<i>Meeting record and date</i>	<i>Sub-item</i>	<i>Other documents</i>	<i>Rule 37 invitations</i>	<i>Rule 39 and other invitations</i>	<i>Speakers</i>	<i>Decision and vote (for-against- abstaining)</i>
S/PV.8053 21 September 2017			Republic of Korea	Under-Secretary- General and High Representative for Disarmament Affairs	All Council members, ^o all invitees ^o	

^a Algeria, Argentina, Australia, Bangladesh, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, Chile, Costa Rica, Cuba, Ecuador, Germany, Guatemala, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Italy, Kazakhstan, Mexico, Morocco, Netherlands, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Pakistan, Panama, Peru, the Philippines, Poland, Republic of Korea, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Syrian Arab Republic, Turkey and Viet Nam.

^b Special Representative of INTERPOL to the United Nations, Director of the Biodefence Graduate Programme of George Mason University, Under-Secretary-General and High Representative for Disarmament Affairs, Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Delegation of the European Union to the United Nations, Permanent Observer of the League of Arab States to the United Nations and Permanent Observer of the Organization of American States to the United Nations.

^c Malaysia was represented by its Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Home Affairs; Japan was represented by its Parliamentary Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs.

^d Slovakia was represented by its Minister for Foreign and European Affairs. The representative of Iran (Islamic Republic of) spoke on behalf of the Non-Aligned Movement, and the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Delegation of the European Union spoke on behalf of the European Union and Bosnia and Herzegovina, Georgia, Montenegro, Republic of Moldova, Serbia, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia and Ukraine.

^e Albania, Andorra, Angola, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Bahrain, Belgium, Bolivia, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, China, Colombia, Costa Rica, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Egypt, Estonia, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece, Guatemala, Haiti, Hungary, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malaysia, Malta, Mexico, Montenegro, Morocco, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Palau, Panama, Peru, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, San Marino, Senegal, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Thailand, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom, United States, Uruguay, Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of) and Viet Nam.

^f Afghanistan, Albania, Andorra, Algeria, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Bangladesh, Belarus, Belgium, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Brazil, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Denmark, Ecuador, Estonia, Ethiopia, Finland, Georgia, Germany, Guatemala, Haiti, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Ireland, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malta, Montenegro, Mexico, Morocco, Nepal, Netherlands, Norway, Pakistan, Palau, Panama, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, San Marino, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, South Africa, Sweden, Thailand, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Tunisia, Turkey and United Arab Emirates.

^g Under-Secretary-General and High Representative for Disarmament Affairs; President and Chief Executive Officer of the Stimson Center; Vice-President of International Trade Law and Head of the Global Trade Law Practice Group of DHL Global Business Services; Director General of the Organisation for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons; Director of the Division of Nuclear Security of the International Atomic Energy Agency; Acting Executive Secretary for the Inter-American Committee against Terrorism of the Organization of American States; President of the Financial Action Task Force; Chair of the Missile Technology Control Regime; Chair of the Nuclear Suppliers Group; Special Representative for the International Criminal Police Organization (INTERPOL) to the United Nations; Director of the Office of the Secretary-General of the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe; Research Officer of the New York Office of United Nations University; Permanent Observer of the African Union to the United Nations; and Special Envoy for Non-proliferation and Disarmament of the European Union.

^h Angola was represented by its Secretary of State for External Affairs; New Zealand was represented by its Minister for Foreign Affairs; Senegal was represented by its Minister for Foreign Affairs and Senegalese Abroad; Spain (President of the Security Council) was represented by its Minister for Foreign Affairs and Cooperation; Ukraine was represented by its Deputy Minister for Foreign Affairs; and the United Kingdom was represented by the Attorney General for England and Wales.

ⁱ The representative of Jamaica spoke on behalf of the Caribbean Community, and the representative of Kyrgyzstan spoke on behalf of the Commonwealth of Independent States. Albania, Andorra, Austria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, Haiti, Ireland, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malta, Montenegro, Nepal, Norway, Palau, Portugal, Republic of Moldova, Romania, San Marino, Serbia, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia and Tunisia did not make statements.

^j The Special Envoy for Non-proliferation and Disarmament of the European Union spoke on behalf of Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Georgia, Montenegro, the Republic of Moldova, Serbia, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Turkey and Ukraine.

^k The representative of Bolivia (Plurinational State of) spoke in his capacity as Chair of the Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004).

^l Argentina, Armenia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bangladesh, Belgium, Botswana, Brazil, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Cuba, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Estonia, Georgia, Germany, Greece, Guatemala, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Malaysia, Mexico, Montenegro, Morocco, Namibia, Netherlands, Nigeria, Norway, Pakistan, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Poland, Republic of Korea, Slovenia, South Africa, Spain, Syrian Arab Republic, Turkey, Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of) and Viet Nam.

^m The representative of the Plurinational State of Bolivia (President of the Security Council) spoke in his capacity as Chair of the Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004). Ukraine was represented by the Director General for International Security.

ⁿ Montenegro was represented by its Minister for Foreign Affairs. The representative of Norway spoke on behalf of the Nordic countries; the representative of Spain spoke on behalf of the Group of Friends of resolution 1540; the representative of Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of) spoke on behalf of the Non-Aligned Movement. The Head of the Delegation of the European Union spoke on behalf of Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Georgia, Montenegro, Republic of Moldova, Serbia, Turkey and Ukraine.

^o China, Egypt, Ethiopia, Japan, Kazakhstan, Sweden and Ukraine were represented by their Ministers for Foreign Affairs; the United States was represented by its Secretary of State; Italy was represented by its Minister for Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation; France was represented by its Secretary of State attached to the Minister for Europe and Foreign Affairs; the United Kingdom was represented by its Minister of State for Asia and the Pacific; Uruguay was represented by its Vice-Minister for Political Affairs of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

^p The Republic of Korea was represented by its Minister for Foreign Affairs.

B. Non-proliferation

In 2016–2017, the Security Council held four meetings under the item entitled “Non-proliferation” and did not adopt any decisions. More information on the meetings, including on participants and speakers, is given in the table below.

In a letter dated 16 January 2016, pursuant to resolution 2231 (2015), the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) submitted his report to the Council,³⁹⁷ confirming that the Islamic Republic of Iran had taken the actions specified in paragraphs 15.1–15.11 of annex V to the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action. Consistent with resolution 2231 (2015), the provisions of Security Council resolutions 1696 (2006), 1737 (2006), 1747 (2007), 1803 (2008), 1835 (2008), 1929 (2010) and 2224 (2015) were terminated as of 16 January 2016.³⁹⁸ Also on 16 January, in a note by the President,³⁹⁹

practical arrangements and procedures were set forth for the Council for carrying out tasks related to the implementation of resolution 2231 (2015). In the note, the Council established that the Council would select on an annual basis one member as facilitator, who would brief the other members of the Council on its work and the implementation of the resolution every six months.⁴⁰⁰ Spain was selected as the facilitator for 2016 and Italy for 2017.⁴⁰¹ In addition, the Council requested the Secretary-General to report to it every six months on the implementation of resolution 2231 (2015).⁴⁰²

During the period under review, the Council held four briefings in the context of which it considered the above-mentioned reports.⁴⁰³ At the meetings, the Council addressed a number of issues, including the activities of the Council in respect of the monitoring of the implementation of resolution 2231 (2015), developments in the procurement channel and requests for approval.

³⁹⁷ S/2016/57, annex.

³⁹⁸ For more information on the sanctions measures pursuant to resolution 1737 (2006), see part VII, sect. III, “Measures not involving the use of armed force in accordance with Article 41 of the Charter”.

³⁹⁹ S/2016/44.

⁴⁰⁰ Ibid., para. 3.

⁴⁰¹ See S/2016/2/Rev.4 and S/2017/2/Rev.1.

⁴⁰² S/2016/44, para. 7.

⁴⁰³ See S/PV.7739, S/PV.7865, S/PV.7990 and S/PV.8143.

Meetings: non-proliferation

<i>Meeting record and date</i>	<i>Sub-item</i>	<i>Other documents</i>	<i>Rule 37 invitations</i>	<i>Rule 39 and other invitations</i>	<i>Speakers</i>	<i>Decision and vote (for-against-abstaining)</i>
S/PV.7739 18 July 2016	Report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of Security Council resolution 2231 (2015) (S/2016/589)		Germany	Under-Secretary-General for Political Affairs, Head of the Delegation of the European Union to the United Nations	All Council members, ^a all invitees	
S/PV.7865 18 January 2017	Letter dated 27 December 2016 from the Security Council Facilitator for the implementation of resolution 2231 (2015) (S/2016/1113) Second report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of Security Council resolution 2231 (2015) (S/2016/1136)		Germany	Under-Secretary-General for Political Affairs, Head of the Delegation of the European Union	All Council members, ^b all invitees	
S/PV.7990 29 June 2017	Letter dated 13 June 2017 from the Security Council Facilitator for the implementation of resolution 2231 (2015) (S/2017/495) Third report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of Security Council resolution 2231 (2015) (S/2017/515) Letter dated 22 June 2017 from the Security Council Facilitator for the implementation of resolution 2231 (2015) addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/2017/537)		Germany	Under-Secretary-General for Political Affairs, Head of the Delegation of the European Union	All Council members, ^b all invitees	
S/PV.8143 19 December 2017	Letter dated 1 December 2017 from the Security Council Facilitator for the implementation of resolution 2231 (2015) addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/2017/1009)		Germany	Under-Secretary-General for Political Affairs, Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Delegation of the European Union	All Council members, ^b all invitees	

<i>Meeting record and date</i>	<i>Sub-item</i>	<i>Other documents</i>	<i>Rule 37 invitations</i>	<i>Rule 39 and other invitations</i>	<i>Speakers</i>	<i>Decision and vote (for-against- abstaining)</i>
	Fourth report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of Security Council resolution 2231 (2015) (S/2017/1030)					
	Letter dated 15 December 2017 from the Security Council Facilitator for the implementation of resolution 2231 (2015) (S/2017/1058)					

^a The representative of Spain spoke in his capacity as facilitator for the implementation of resolution [2231 \(2015\)](#).

^b The representative of Italy also spoke in his capacity as facilitator for the implementation of resolution [2231 \(2015\)](#).

C. Non-proliferation/Democratic People's Republic of Korea

During the period under review, the Security Council held 14 meetings, including two high-level meetings.⁴⁰⁴ Against the backdrop of deepening tensions, the number of meetings under the item experienced a sevenfold increase with respect to the previous biennium, during which the Council held two meetings.⁴⁰⁵ The Council adopted eight resolutions under Chapter VII of the Charter and issued one presidential statement. The total number of decisions (nine) also increased significantly as compared with the previous biennium (two). In addition, on 15 December 2017, for the first time since 2006, a representative of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea participated in a meeting of the Council held under the item.⁴⁰⁶ More information on the meetings, including on participants, speakers and outcomes, is given in the table below.

Discussions in the Council focused on the threat to international peace and security posed by the activities of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and on the need for Member States to fully comply and implement the sanctions measures provided for in the relevant resolutions. During the deliberations, speakers repeatedly called for the resumption of dialogue with a view to achieving the denuclearization of the Korean peninsula. Further to the continued launching of missiles and nuclear tests,

urgent consultations were held in January, February, March, April, June, August and September 2016,⁴⁰⁷ and in February, March, May, August and September 2017.

In response to the escalation in nuclear tests and ballistic missile launches during the period under review, the Council introduced reinforced sanctions measures on the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, including a trade embargo on natural resources (coal, iron and iron ore); in other Member States, the restriction of work authorizations for nationals of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea; a ban on seafood and textile exports; and restriction of imports of crude oil and all condensates as well as of natural gas liquids and refined petroleum products. The Council also reinforced the implementation measures to prevent evasion of sanctions measures.⁴⁰⁸ Council members described the sanctions regime imposed on the Democratic People's Republic of Korea during the period under review as the strongest ever imposed on the country.⁴⁰⁹ Furthermore, in 2016–2017, by resolutions [2276 \(2016\)](#) and [2345 \(2017\)](#), the Council twice extended the mandate of the Panel of Experts for periods of 12 months each, the last until 24 April 2018. The Council also expanded the Panel's mandate to include the new measures adopted during the period under review.

⁴⁰⁴ See [S/PV.7932](#) and [S/PV.8137](#). For more information on the format of meetings, see part II, sect. I.

⁴⁰⁵ For more information, see *Repertoire, Supplement 2014–2015*, part I, sect. 36.C.

⁴⁰⁶ See [S/PV.8137](#).

⁴⁰⁷ See [A/71/2](#), "Introduction", paras. 174–178, and [A/72/2](#), "Introduction", paras. 170–178.

⁴⁰⁸ For more information on the sanctions measures concerning the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, see part VII, sect. III, "Measures not involving the use of armed force in accordance with Article 41 of the Charter".

⁴⁰⁹ [S/PV.8151](#), p. 2 (United States); p. 6 (Ethiopia); p. 8 (Sweden); and p. 12 (Japan).

Meetings: non-proliferation/Democratic People's Republic of Korea

<i>Meeting record and date</i>	<i>Sub-item</i>	<i>Other documents</i>	<i>Rule 37 invitations</i>	<i>Rule 39 and other invitations</i>	<i>Speakers</i>	<i>Decision and vote (for-against-abstaining)</i>
S/PV.7638 2 March 2016		Draft resolution submitted by 53 Member States ^a (S/2016/202)	43 Member States ^b		All Council members, Republic of Korea	Resolution 2270 (2016) 15-0-0 (adopted under Chapter VII)
S/PV.7656 24 March 2016	Note by the President of the Security Council (S/2016/157)	Draft resolution submitted by United States (S/2016/274)				Resolution 2276 (2016) 15-0-0 (adopted under Chapter VII)
S/PV.7821 30 November 2016		Draft resolution submitted by 50 Member States ^c (S/2016/999)	42 Member States ^d		Secretary-General, all Council members, Republic of Korea	Resolution 2321 (2016) 15-0-0 (adopted under Chapter VII)
S/PV.7904 23 March 2017	Note by the President of the Security Council (S/2017/150)	Draft resolution submitted by United States (S/2017/236)				Resolution 2345 (2017) 15-0-0 (adopted under Chapter VII)
S/PV.7932 28 April 2017	Letter dated 18 April 2017 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (S/2017/337)		Republic of Korea		Secretary-General, all Council members, ^e Republic of Korea ^f	
S/PV.7958 2 June 2017		Draft resolution submitted by United States (S/2017/472)	Republic of Korea		All Council members, Republic of Korea	Resolution 2356 (2017) 15-0-0 (adopted under Chapter VII)
S/PV.7996 5 July 2017			Republic of Korea	Assistant Secretary-General for Political Affairs	All Council members, all invitees	
S/PV.8019 5 August 2017		Draft resolution submitted by United States (S/2017/674)	Republic of Korea		All Council members, Republic of Korea	Resolution 2371 (2017) 15-0-0 (adopted under Chapter VII)

**Part I. Consideration of questions under the responsibility of
the Security Council for the maintenance of
international peace and security**

<i>Meeting record and date</i>	<i>Sub-item</i>	<i>Other documents</i>	<i>Rule 37 invitations</i>	<i>Rule 39 and other invitations</i>	<i>Speakers</i>	<i>Decision and vote (for-against- abstaining)</i>
S/PV.8034 29 August 2017					Four Council members (China, Japan, Russian Federation, United States)	S/PRST/2017/16
S/PV.8039 4 September 2017			Republic of Korea	Under-Secretary-General for Political Affairs	All Council members, all invitees	
S/PV.8042 11 September 2017		Draft resolution submitted by United States (S/2017/769)	Republic of Korea		All Council members, Republic of Korea	Resolution 2375 (2017) 15-0-0 (adopted under Chapter VII)
S/PV.8118 29 November 2017			Republic of Korea	Under-Secretary-General for Political Affairs	All Council members, ^g all invitees	
S/PV.8137 15 December 2017	Letter dated 1 December 2017 from the Permanent Representative of Japan to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (S/2017/1038)		Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Republic of Korea		Secretary-General, all Council members, ^h all invitees ⁱ	
S/PV.8151 22 December 2017		Draft resolution submitted by United States (S/2017/1092)	Republic of Korea		All Council members, Republic of Korea	Resolution 2397 (2017) 15-0-0 (adopted under Chapter VII)

^a Albania, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Liberia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malaysia, Malta, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Palau, Panama, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Romania, Senegal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Turkey, Ukraine, United Kingdom, United States, Uruguay and Vanuatu.

^b Albania, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Liberia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Palau, Panama, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Sweden, Turkey and Vanuatu.

^c Armenia, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Montenegro, Morocco, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Turkey, Ukraine, United Kingdom, United States and Uruguay.

^d Armenia, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Montenegro, Morocco, Netherlands, Norway, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Sweden, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia and Turkey.